REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13

DURHAM AND MIDDLEFIELD, CONNECTICUT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018



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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Regional School District No. 13 Durham, Connecticut

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Regional School District No. 13 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Regional School District No. 13's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Regional School District No. 13 as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Regional School District No. 13 adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The net position of the Regional School District No. 13 has been restated to recognize the net other postemployment benefit liability in accordance with GASB No. 75. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Regional School District No. 13's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and debt limitation schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The debt limitation schedule has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2018 on our consideration of the Regional School District No. 13's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Regional School District No. 13's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Regional School District No. 13's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 6, 2018

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Management of Regional School District No. 13 (the Region) offers readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Region for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Region exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$25,364,501 (net position).
- The Region's total net position increased by \$387,976, resulting primarily from a reduction in operating expenses and capital asset depreciation.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Region's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,483,469, an increase of \$477,121 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance for the general fund was \$2,127,125, an increase of \$720,563, which is designated for subsequent year's budget.
- Long-term bonds and notes payable decreased by \$2,005,464 due to the principal payments.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Region's basic financial statements. The Region's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Region's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Region's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Region is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Region's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the Region, which are principally supported by assessments to member towns and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the Region include general instruction, special education, student services, administration, buildings and transportation.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Region uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Region can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful evaluating the Region's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Region's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Region maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Special School Grants and Programs Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund and the School Cafeteria Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Region adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Region's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the basic financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found in Exhibits A-1 and A-2.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Region, assets exceeded liabilities by \$25,364,501 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Region's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Region uses these capital assets to provide public education to eligible citizens living within the district; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Region's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$(4,142,153).

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 NET POSITION

		Gover Act		
	•	2018		2017
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	\$	3,379,179 35,740,947 39,120,126	•	2,712,211 37,148,722 39,860,933
Deferred outflows of resources	•	730,279		696,402
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities		12,697,712 977,079 13,674,791		14,703,176 808,698 15,511,874
Deferred inflows of resources		811,113	_	68,936
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		29,498,668 7,986 (4,142,153)		27,418,172 8,321 (2,449,968)
Total Net Position	\$	25,364,501	\$	24,976,525

Governmental Activities. The Region's net position increased by \$387,976 during the current fiscal year. The increase is primarily from a reduction in operating expenses and capital asset depreciation.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Governmental Activities

		Act	ivit	ties
	_	2018		2017
Revenues:	_			
Program revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Special education	\$	824,494	\$	944,667
Student services		463,964		461,816
Buildings		38,830		45,996
Operating grants and contributions		7,547,066		6,948,415
Capital grants and contributions		1,100		38,261
General revenues:				
Assessments from member towns		35,479,695		34,772,724
Investment income		9,074		11,756
Miscellaneous	_	268,868		161,383
Total revenues	_	44,633,091		43,385,018
Expenses:				
General instruction		20,908,777		20,380,495
Special education		8,670,415		9,008,774
Student services		3,009,242		3,010,043
Administration		6,255,941		6,328,647
Buildings		3,943,814		3,949,131
Transportation		1,236,918		1,339,755
Interest expense	_	220,008		260,311
Total expenses	_	44,245,115		44,277,156
Change in net position		387,976		(892,138)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		24,976,525		27,760,759
Restatement for GASB 75	-			(1,892,096)
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	25,364,501	\$	24,976,525

• The increase in Net Position is due to an increase in miscellaneous revenue, offset by decreases in general and special education instruction, transportation and interest expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Region's Funds

As noted earlier, the Region uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Region's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Region's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Region's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At of the end of the current fiscal year, the Region's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$2,483,469, an increase of \$477,121 in comparison with the prior year. Of that balance, \$2,127,125 constitutes funds designated for subsequent year's budgets. The remaining \$356,344 of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed as capital reserves and other governmental projects or funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of revenues and expenditures. Significant budgetary variances can be briefly summarized as follows:

Final Budget to Actual

Revenues

- We saw negative variances (under budget) in buildings and grounds of \$9,670 and transportation grants of \$74,250.
- We saw positive variances (over budget) related to special education grants in the amount of \$68,074.

Expenditures

- We saw negative variances (over budget) in the areas of snow removal of \$17,156 and repairs and maintenance of \$18,145.
- We saw positive variances (under budget) in the areas of certified and support personnel salaries by \$474,318, employee benefits by \$492,194, education purchased services by \$48,280, and operational services by \$378,536.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Region's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$35,740,947 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and machinery and equipment. The net decrease of \$1,407,775 in the Region's capital assets for the current fiscal year is a result of adjustments for normal depreciation as well as some asset dispositions.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF DEPRECIATION)

		Governmental Activities			
	_	2018		2017	
Land Buildings and improvements Land improvements Equipment Vehicles	\$	200,000 31,133,461 3,497,240 675,438 234,808	\$	200,000 32,194,055 3,665,852 678,471 410,344	
Total	\$_	35,740,947	\$	37,148,722	

Additional information on the Region's capital assets can be found in Note 3B of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Region had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,435,000. All of this debt comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Region.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 OUTSTANDING DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

		Governmental Activities			
	_	2018		2017	
General obligation bonds	\$ <u>_</u>	5,435,000	\$_	6,595,000	

The Region's total debt decreased by \$1,160,000 during the current fiscal year. The Region's rating is Aa3 from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a regional school district may issue to 4.5 times total tax collections including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for elderly freeze grant of the member towns. The current debt limitation for the Region is \$173,194,470, which is significantly in excess of the Region's outstanding general obligation debt.

A portion of the Region's debt is allocated to each member town and is included in the town's debt limitation. Additional information on the Region's long-term debt can be found in Note 3D of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Region's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Kimberly Neubig, Business Manager, Regional School District No. 13, 135A Pickett Lane, Durham, Connecticut 06422.

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,311,746
Investments	7,986
Accounts receivable	30
Intergovernmental receivable	36,268
Other assets	23,149
Capital assets not being depreciated	200,000
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	35,540,947
Total assets	39,120,126_
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Deferred charge on refunding	143,359
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	14,679
Deferred outflows related to pension	572,241_
Total deferred outflows of resources	730,279
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	812,970
Accrued interest payable	81,369
Unearned revenue	82,740
Noncurrent liabilities:	·
Due within one year	1,569,040
Due in more than one year	11,128,672
Total liabilities	13,674,791
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred inflows of Resources. Deferred inflows related to OPEB	183,049
Deferred inflows related to pension	628,064
Total deferred inflows of resources	811,113
Total deferred lilliows of resources	
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	29,498,668
Restricted for:	
Textbooks:	
Expendable	7,986
Unrestricted	(4,142,153)
Total Net Position	\$ 25,364,501

				Pr	ogram Revenu	ıes			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		arges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	i i	Capital Grants and Contributions	-	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General instruction Special education Student services Administration Buildings Transportation Interest	\$ 20,908,777 8,670,415 3,009,242 6,255,941 3,943,814 1,236,918 220,008	\$	824,494 463,964 38,830	\$	5,117,187 1,351,940 406,276 665,163 6,500	\$	1,100	\$	(15,791,590) (6,493,981) (2,139,002) (5,590,778) (3,903,884) (1,230,418) (220,008)
	\$ <u>44,245,115</u>	\$	1,327,288	\$_	7,547,066	\$	1,100	=	(35,369,661)
	General revent Assessments Investment in Miscellaneou Total gener	s from oncome ncome us		nber	towns			-	35,479,695 9,074 268,868 35,757,637
	Change in Net	Positio	n						387,976
	Net Position at	Beginn	ning of Yea	r, as	Restated			-	24,976,525
	Net Position at	End of	f Year					\$	25,364,501

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	-	General	School Cafeteria Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds Accounts receivable	\$	2,784,971 \$ 57,535 30	31,675	495,100 7,986	\$ 3,311,746 7,986 57,535 30
Intergovernmental receivable Other assets	_		18,744 23,149	17,524	36,268 23,149
Total Assets	\$_	2,842,536 \$	73,568	520,610	\$3,436,714
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts and other payables Due to other funds	\$	715,411 \$	33,301 § 57,535	64,258	\$ 812,970 57,535
Unearned revenue	_		20,795	61,945	82,740
Total liabilities	_	715,411	111,631	126,203	953,245
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable			23,149		23,149
Restricted		2,031,654	18,744	7,986	2,058,384
Committed				386,421	386,421
Assigned		95,471			95,471
Unassigned	_		(79,956)		(79,956)
Total fund balances	=	2,127,125	(38,063)	394,407	2,483,469
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	2,842,536 \$	73,568	520,610	\$3,436,714

(Continued on next page)

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet. The details of this difference are as follows:

Total fund balances (Exhibit III)

\$ 2,483,469

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets 62,717,486 Less accumulated depreciation (26,976,539)

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Deferred outflows related to OPEB 14,679
Deferred outflows related to Pension 572,241

Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(5,435,000)
Notes payable	(12,359)
Bond premium	(192,054)
Deferred charge on refunding	143,359
Compensated absences	(40,845)
Total OPEB liability	(5,179,367)
Net pension liability	(1,091,862)
Capital leases	(746,225)
Accrued interest payable	(81,369)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(183,049)
Deferred inflows related to Pension	(628,064)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 25,364,501

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	General	 School Cafeteria Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Assessments from district					
member towns	\$	35,479,695	\$ 9	\$	35,479,695
Intergovernmental		6,991,152	121,095	435,919	7,548,166
Charges for services		38,830	463,964	824,494	1,327,288
Local sources		8,213	99	762	9,074
Miscellaneous		268,868			268,868
Total revenues	_	42,786,758	 585,158	1,261,175	44,633,091
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Salaries		20,828,829	345,496	453,741	21,628,066
Employee benefits		12,894,455	•	106,364	13,000,819
Purchased services		870,150	7,358	564,176	1,441,684
Property services		1,020,854	•		1,020,854
Operational services		3,020,508		128,351	3,148,859
Supplies		1,488,978	249,137	8,672	1,746,787
Capital outlay		539,061		207,047	746,108
Debt service		1,693,769		33,933	1,727,702
Total expenditures	_	42,356,604	 601,991	1,502,284	44,460,879
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					
Expenditures	_	430,154	 (16,833)	(241,109)	172,212
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		150,000		164,500	314,500
Transfers out		(164,500)		(150,000)	(314,500)
Issuance of capital leases		304,909		, ,	304,909
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	290,409	 -	14,500	304,909
Net Change in Fund Balances		720,563	(16,833)	(226,609)	477,121
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	1,406,562	 (21,230)	621,016	2,006,348
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	2,127,125	\$ (38,063)	394,407	2,483,469

(Continued on next page)

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 477,121

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The capital outlay and depreciation expense are as follows for the current period:

Capital outlay 472,905 Depreciation expense (1,880,680)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB 14,679
Change in deferred outflows related to Pension 52,281

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Payments on general obligation bonds	1,160,000
Issuance of capital leases	(304,909)
Payments on capital leases	403,106
Payments on notes payable	326.738

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Total OPEB liability	(32,154)
Net pension liability	405,840
Accrued interest payable	21,466
Compensated absences	2,520
Bond premium	44,323
Deferred charge on refunding	(33,083)
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(183,049)
Change in deferred inflows related to Pension	(559,128)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 387,976

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Pension Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Assets:			_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	397,978	\$_	343,856
Investments, at fair value:				
Corporate bonds		1,215,116		
U.S. Government obligations		957,663		
Common stocks		5,928,073		
Accrued interest	_	16,193	_	
Total investments, at fair value	_	8,117,045	_	
Total assets	_	8,515,023	\$_	343,856
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups and others	_		\$_	343,856
Total liabilities	_		\$_	343,856
Net Position:				
Held in trust for pension benefits and individuals	\$_	8,515,023		

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Pension Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer \$	335,575
Employee	158,650
Total contributions	494,225
Investment income:	
Net change in fair value of investments	184,652
Interest and dividends	219,170
Total investment income	403,822
Less investment expense	81,755
Net investment income	322,067
Total additions	816,292
Deductions:	
Benefits	462,049
Administrative expense	1,053
Total deductions	463,102
Change in net position	353,190
Net Position - Beginning of Year	8,161,833
Net Position - End of Year \$	8,515,023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Regional School District No. 13 (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the District are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District was organized under provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes in 1970 for the purpose of providing education for grades 1 through 12 to the residents of the towns of Durham and Middlefield, Connecticut. The District consists of two elementary schools, two middle schools and one high school.

The District is governed by a Regional Board of Education consisting of six members from Durham and four members from Middlefield. The members of the Board serve three-year terms. The Superintendent of Schools, selected by the Board of Education, manages the day-to-day affairs of the District and the schools of Durham and Middlefield.

The District's operating and debt service expenses are paid by the member towns in proportion to the number of attending pupils. The current year assessment percentages are 66.26% for Durham and 33.74% for Middlefield.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by member town assessments, intergovernmental revenues and revenues from local sources.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Member town assessments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Member town assessments, expenditure reimbursement-type grants and certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items, including the state interest and bond subsidy grant, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those resources required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *School Cafeteria Fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the school lunch program.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The Capital Reserve Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures relating to reserves for capital items.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Regional School District No. 13 Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The Agency Funds account for monies held on behalf of students in a custodial capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for any interfund services provided by one fund used by another fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The District considers cash equivalents as cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by the Statutes, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Receivables

Intergovernmental and member town assessment receivables are considered to be fully collectible, and no allowance has been recorded.

Interfund Activity

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and vehicles and \$20,000 for buildings and improvements, land and land improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	45-50
Building improvements	45-50
Land improvements	20-25
Vehicles	5-15
Office equipment	5-15
Computer equipment	5-7

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received before the District has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the issuance of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has legal claim to the resource, the unearned revenues is removed from the balance sheet, and revenue is recognized.

Compensated Absences

Sick leave and vacation leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds in the current year to the extent that they are paid during the year. Unpaid benefits lapse at year end, and any amounts payable during an employee's active term cannot exceed a full year's budgeted payroll and, as such, no liability is accrued.

All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Total Other Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year and no later than the end of the current fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity and Net Position

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is classified into the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This category presents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This category presents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This category presents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Regional School District No. 13 Board of Education).

Assigned Fund Balance

This category presents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Education or the Business Manager who has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the District Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This category presents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified into the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category presents the net position that reflect capital assets net of only the debt applicable to the acquisition or construction of these assets. Debt issued for noncapital purposes is excluded.

Restricted Net Position

This category presents the net position restricted by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations).

Unrestricted Net Position

This category presents the net position of the District that is not restricted.

E. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District establishes its General Fund budget in accordance with provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes.

A budget for the General Fund is authorized annually by the Board of Education. The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The citizens of the District vote on the recommended budget.
- All budget transfers must be approved by the Board of Education.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- All unencumbered appropriations of the General Fund lapse at year end.
- The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the total expenditure level for the General Fund.
- Additional appropriations may be made during the year by the Board of Education. An additional
 appropriation requires approval at a District meeting if it exceeds \$50,000 or is a second request.
 There were no additional appropriations made during the year ended June 30, 2018.
- Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the
 year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly,
 encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the
 current year. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end, except those
 appropriated for the Capital Projects Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until
 completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.

B. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of capital project authorizations at June 30, 2018:

Capital Project	Authorization	Current Year Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2018
Brewster School Roof	\$ 1,300,000	\$\$	5 <u>1,205,998</u> \$	94,002
Total	\$1,300,000_	\$\$	1,205,998 \$	94,002

C. Donor-Restricted Endowments

The District has received certain endowments for textbooks and library materials. The amounts are reflected in net position as restricted for expendable purposes. Net cumulative interest earnings on endowments have amounted to \$7,986 and make up a portion of the restricted fund balance.

D. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

- The snow removal line was overspent by \$17,156.
- The repairs and maintenance line was overspent by \$18,485.
- The electricity line item was overspent by \$964.
- The gasoline and oil vehicles line was overspent by \$709.
- The equipment line was overspent by \$23,647.
- The debt service interest line was overspent by \$12.

E. Deficit Fund Equity

The Cafeteria Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$38,063. This deficit will be financed in the future with charges for services.

3. DETAILED NOTES

A. Cash and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the District and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$3,211,604 of the District's bank balance of \$3,841,592 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the District's name	3,211,604
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 3,211,604

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2018, the District's cash equivalents amounted to \$397,978. The following table provides a summary of the District's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

Charles Schwab Money Market* Morgan Stanley*

*Not rated; some money markets also subject to custodial risk above

Investments

The investments in the Pension Fund are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000, including \$100,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as money market funds.

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments:

		(Years)					
		Fair Value	•	Less Than 1		1 - 10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:							
U.S. Government Securities	\$	718,953	\$	192,134	\$	526,819	\$
U.S. Government Agencies		238,710				238,710	
Corporate Bonds		1,215,116		75,511		1,139,605	
Total		2,172,779	\$	267,645	\$_	1,905,134	\$
Other investments:							
Common Stock Accrued Interest	-	5,936,059 16,193	_				
Total Investments	\$	8,125,031	=				

Presented below is the rating of investments for each debt investment type:

Average Rating		Corporate Bonds	<u>-</u>	U.S. Government Securities	_	U.S. Government Agencies
Aaa	\$		\$	718,953	\$	238,710
Aa2		10,141				
Aa3		19,758				
A1		45,429				
A2		62,573				
А3		252,477				
Baa1		410,152				
Baa2		251,645				
Baa3	_	162,941	_		_	
	\$_	1,215,116	\$	718,953	\$	238,710

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

			Fair Va	e Measurements Using				
	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		
Investments by fair value level:	740.052	ው	740.052	¢.		<u></u>		
U.S. Government Securities U.S. Government Agencies	718,953 238,710	Þ	718,953 238,710	Þ		\$		
Corporate Bonds Common Stock	1,215,116 5,936,059		1,215,116 5,936,059					
Common Stock	3,930,039		3,930,039	-				
Total investments by fair value level	8,108,838	\$_	8,108,838	\$_		\$		
Investments not recorded at fair value: Accrued Interest	16,193	_						

Interest Rate Risk

Total Investments

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

\$ 8,125,031

Credit Risk - Investments

The District has no formal investment policy that would limit its investment choices with respect to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a formalized investment policy that restricts investments in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the District's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the District or that sells investments to or buys them for the District), the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

·		•						
		Beginning						Ending
	_	Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	_	Balance
Course and a satisfication								
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	•	000.000	•		Φ.		•	000 000
Land	\$_	200,000	\$		\$_		\$_	200,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	200,000	-		-		-	200,000
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		52,034,691						52,034,691
Land improvements		5,752,897		80,000				5,832,897
Equipment		2,346,326		368,605				2,714,931
Vehicles		1,931,667		24,300		21,000		1,934,967
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	62,065,581		472,905	_	21,000	_	62,517,486
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		19,840,636		1,060,594				20,901,230
Land improvements		2,087,045		248,612				2,335,657
Equipment		1,667,855		371,638				2,039,493
Vehicles		1,521,323		199,836		21,000		1,700,159
Total accumulated depreciation	_	25,116,859	-	1,880,680	_	21,000	-	26,976,539
Total accumulated depreciation	-	23,110,033	-	1,000,000	_	21,000	-	20,370,333
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	36,948,722		(1,407,775)	_		_	35,540,947
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	37,148,722	\$	(1,407,775)	\$_		\$_	35,740,947
Depreciation expense was charged as follow	ws:							
Administration				¢ :	271	638		

Administration	\$	371,638
Buildings		1,309,206
Transportation	_	199,836
	_	
Total	\$_	1,880,680

C. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

		Tr				
	•	Nonmajor General Governmental Fund Funds				Total Transfers Out
Transfers out: General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	150,000	\$	164,500	\$	164,500 150,000
Total Transfers In	\$	150,000	\$	164,500	\$	314,500

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the General Fund of various programs and activities in other funds. Transfers are also used to provide funding from the Middlesex Transition Academy to the General Fund.

D. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Summary of Changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

	Original Amount	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:									
Improvement bond \$	4,995,000	7/15/09	7/15/24	2.50-4.50 \$	2,650,000	\$	\$ 335,000 \$	2,315,000 \$	335,000
Improvement bond	9,185,000	10/14/10	3/1/23	2.00-4.00	3,945,000		825,000	3,120,000	810,000
				•	6,595,000		1,160,000	5,435,000	1,145,000
Plus deferred amounts:									
Bond premium					236,377		44,323	192,054	
Total bonds payable				•	6,831,377	-	1,204,323	5,627,054	1,145,000
Notes payable					339,097		326,738	12,359	12,359
Obligations under capital lea	ases				844,422	304.909	403,106	746.225	411,681
Compensated absences					43,365	137,410	,	40,845	,
Net pension liability					1,497,702	,	405.840	1.091.862	
Total OPEB liability *					5,147,213	32,154	,-	5,179,367	
,				•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities				\$	14,703,176	\$ 474,473	\$ 2,479,937 \$	12,697,712 \$	1,569,040

^{*} The net OPEB obligation was updated to the total OPEB liability with the implementation of GASB 75. Please see Note 8.

All long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund with the exception of the notes payable which are liquidated in both the General Fund and the Capital Reserve Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize all bonds payable as of June 30, 2018 and the amounts to be provided by the State of Connecticut for the retirement of school bonds and of debt principal and interest maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Bond Principal	Bond Interest		
2019	\$	1,145,000		204,062	
2020		1,135,000		158,362	
2021		1,130,000		112,962	
2022		685,000		67,763	
2023		680,000		43,913	
2024-2025	_	660,000	_	13,614	
	-				
Total	\$	5,435,000	\$	600,676	

Notes Payable

Notes payable as of June 30, 2018 include the following:

Promissory note dated June 3, 2016 with an interest rate of 3.99%. The entire balance is shown as current as the final payment will be made in June 2019.

\$	12,359
<u> </u>	
\$	12,359

Total

Capital Leases

At June 30, 2018, the District is committed under lease agreements for the acquisition of office equipment, business equipment, and school buses and other vehicles. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease term) and, therefore, have been recorded at the lower of the present value of the future minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased assets at the date of their inception.

The annual requirements to amortize the capital leases as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Governmental Activities
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	432,091 189,986 118,864 43,491
Total minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest	_	784,432 38,207
Total	\$_	746,225

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	_	Sovernmental Activities
Assets: Buildings Equipment Vehicles	\$	186,986 1,860,973 1,812,172
Less accumulated depreciation		3,860,131 3,119,274
Total	\$_	740,857

Statutory Debt Limitations

The District's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut General Statutes. The statutes allow for debt up to 4.5 times the annual receipts of taxation of the member towns. The District's debt limitation is as follows:

	Debt		Net		
Category	 Limit	-	Indebtedness	Balance	
Schools	\$ 173,194,470	\$	5,435,000 \$	167,759,470	

E. Fund Balance

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

		General Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmenta Funds	al	Total
Fund balances:	-			_		_	
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$		\$ 23,149	\$		\$	23,149
Restricted for:							
Grants			18,744				18,744
Education supplies					7,986		7,986
Enabling legislation		2,031,654					2,031,654
Committed to:							
Middlesex Transition Academy					54,851		54,851
Capital projects					331,570		331,570
Assigned to: Administration encumbrances -							
technology capital expenditures		95,471					95,471
Unassigned	_		 (79,956)			_	(79,956)
Total Fund Balances	\$_	2,127,125	\$ (38,063)	\$	394,407	\$_	2,483,469

4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or natural disasters.

During fiscal year 2018, the District was a member in the Connecticut Interlocal Risk Management Agency (CIRMA), a public entity risk pool established for the purpose of administering an interlocal risk management program pursuant to the provisions of Section 7-479a et. seq. of Connecticut General Statutes, for workers' compensation and employer liability coverage. CIRMA currently has 223 members in the workers' compensation pool. The District paid an annual premium for its coverage. CIRMA is to be self-sustaining through members' premiums but reinsures in excess of \$1,000,000 for each insured occurrence. Members may be subject to supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies; however, potential assessments are limited pursuant to the by-laws. Beginning in fiscal year 2019, the District is no longer a member of CIRMA.

The District purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including blanket and umbrella policies.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

5. PENSION PLANS

A. Regional School District No. 13 Employee Retirement Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District is the administrator of a single-employer pension employee retirement system (PERS) established and administered by the District to provide pension benefits for its employees. The Pension Committee, consisting of employees from the District as well as community members, makes recommendations for plan provisions. The recommendations are then approved by the Board of Education. The PERS is considered to be part of the District's financial reporting entity and is included in the District's financial statements as a pension trust fund.

Investment management of the plan rests with the Board of Education, which consists of ten members. Administration of the plan rests with a five-member committee appointed by the Board of Education.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The pension trust fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues (contributions and investment income) are recognized when they are earned, and expenses (benefits) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2017, the date of the last actuarial valuation, the plan's membership consisted of the following:

Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	33
Terminated employees entitled to benefits	
but not yet receiving them	14
Current plan members	79
Total	126

Benefit Provisions

The plan covers substantially all regularly employed, permanent noncertified employees of the District. In order to be eligible for the plan, the employee must complete 1 year of service, work 1,000 hours in a year and attain a minimum age of 21.

The death benefit for the plan is the present value of accrued benefits.

Participants are vested after ten years of service.

Contributions

Contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Education. Plan members are required to contribute 5% of their earnings to the plan. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2018 represented 10.66% of covered payroll. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings of the plan's assets.

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Education by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Board of Education to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap Core Equity	30.00 %
Mid Cap Core Equity	15.00
Small Cap Core Equity	10.00
International Equity	10.00
Emerging Market Equity	5.00
Intermediate Duration Inv Grade Tax Fixed	15.50
Short Duration Inv Grade Tax Fixed	12.50
Cash	2.00
	100.00_%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 3.93%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability of the District

The components of the net pension liability of the District at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$	9,606,885
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(8,515,023)
		_
District's Net Pension Liability	\$ _	1,091,862
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		88.63%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Large Cap Core Equity	4.65
Mid Cap Core Equity	5.50
Small Cap Core Equity	5.50
International Equity	5.50
Emerging Market Equity	6.50
Intermediate Duration Inv Grade Tax Fixed	2.25
Short Duration Inv Grade Tax Fixed	-
Cash	_

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the local pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)				
Balances as of July 1, 2017	\$	9,659,535	8,161,833 \$	1,497,702				
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		371,087		371,087				
Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience		735,283		735,283				
		(604,656)		(604,656)				
Changes in assumptions		(92,315)		(92,315)				
Employer contributions			335,575	(335,575)				
Member contributions			158,650	(158,650)				
Net investment income			322,067	(322,067)				
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	6	(462,049)	(462,049)	-				
Administrative expenses			(1,053)	1,053				
Net changes		(52,650)	353,190	(405,840)				
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	9,606,885	8,515,023 \$	1,091,862				

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		_	Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	2,110,769	\$	1,091,862	\$	219,058

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$335,575. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Employees' Pension Plan				
		Deferred		Deferred	
	(Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources	_	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	175,171	\$	551,665 76,399	
actual earning on pension plan investments		397,070	_		
Total	\$_	572,241	\$	628,064	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2019	\$	101,093
2020		32,614
2021		(31,474)
2022		(61,924)
2023	<u> </u>	(96,132)
Total	\$	(55,823)

B. Teachers Retirement

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective January 1, 2018, each teacher is required to contribute 7% of salary for the pension benefit.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	51,386,371
Total	\$ 51,376,371

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2018, the District has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$5,943,902 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increase 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increased rates (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80 for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries as well as for active members. The RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 with Scale BB is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007 and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	21.0% 18.0% 9.0%	5.8% 6.6% 8.3%
Core fixed income Inflation linked bond fund	7.0% 3.0%	1.3% 1.0%
Emerging market bond High yield bonds Real estate	5.0% 5.0% 7.0%	3.7% 3.9% 5.1%
Private equity Alternative investments	11.0% 8.0%	7.6% 4.1%
Liquidity fund Total	6.0%	0.4%
iolai	100.076	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the District has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

6. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The Region 13 Retiree Health Plan (RHP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The RHP provides medical and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. All employees of the District are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and the various unions representing the employees.

The District currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of June 30, 2018, the District has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. Administration costs are financed from current operations.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Region are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly toward the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

Retirees Pre 65

Teachers and administrators pay 100% of active premium. Superintendent pays 5% of active premium. Business assistant to superintendent pays 20% of active premium. Board of Education employees pay 100% of active premium. The active premium for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$9,213 per member and \$19,809 per couple.

Retirees Post 65

Teachers and administrators may continue their coverage post 65 if they are eligible for Medicare. The superintendent receives TRB Medicare supplemental coverage between the ages of 65 and 75. All others are not covered post 65.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2016, the date of the last actuarial valuation.

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	27
Active employees	337
Total	364

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$5,179,367 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 2.60%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.87%

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.25% for 2016, decreasing 0.5% per year to an

ultimate rate of 4.60% for 2024 and later years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs

Varies based on union

The discount rate was based on the published Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Index effective as of June 30, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable and input from the plan sponsor. The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances as of July 1, 2017	\$5,147,213_
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	172,599
Interest on total OPEB liability	187,833
Difference between expected and actual experience	15,766
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(196,608)
Benefit payments	(147,436)
Net changes	32,154
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$ 5,179,367

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.58% in 2017 to 3.87% in 2018.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount			
	1% Decrease (2.87%)	Rate (3.87%)		1% Increase (4.87%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 5,901,994 \$	5,179,367	\$	4,582,691

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (7.25% decreasing to 3.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.25% decreasing to 5.60%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare						
				Cost Trend			
		1% Decrease		Rates		1% Increase	
		(7.25%		(8.25%		(9.25%	
		Decreasing		Decreasing		Decreasing	
	_	to 3.60%)		to 4.60%)	_	to 5.60%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,382,905	\$	5,179,367	\$	6,121,332	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$320,577. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 14,679	\$	183,049
Total	\$ 14,679	\$	183,049

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2019	\$ (12,472)
2020 2021	(12,472) (12,472)
2022 2023	(12,472) (12,472)
Thereafter	(106,010)
Total	\$ (168,370)

B. Teachers Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at State Schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post employment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the system. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits). There are three choices for coverage under the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. The choices and 2017 calendar year premiums charged for each choice are shown in the table below:

•	Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions	\$ 92
•	Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions and Dental	136
•	Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions, Dental, Vision & Hearing	141

Those participants electing vision, hearing and/or dental are required by the System's funding policy to pay the full cost of coverage for these benefits, and no liability is assumed by the plan for these benefits.

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, State employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of credited service

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and 5 years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The State appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed by the State. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut statutes, it is assumed the State will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

Employees

Each member is required to contribute 1.25% of their annual salary up to \$500,000. Contributions in excess of \$500,000 will be credited to the Retiree Health Insurance Plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated		
with the District	_	13,226,256
	_	
Total	\$	13,226,256

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2018, the District has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense and revenue of \$612,972 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Health care costs trend rate 7.25% decreasing to 5.00% by 2022 Salary increases 3.25-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.56%, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Year fund net position will

be depleted 2018

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 White Collar table with employee and annuitant rates blended from ages 50 to 80, projected to the year 2020 using the BB improvement scale, and further adjusted to grade in increases (5% for females and 8% for males) over age 80. For disabled retirees, mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2017 using the BB improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 74 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.04%).

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.56%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to be made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2018 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the District has no obligation to contribute to the plan. Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are various lawsuits and claims pending against the District, the ultimate effect of which, if any, cannot presently be determined; however, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

State and federal grants received by the District are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the District's management believes such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

The District may owe rebate payments to the federal government of arbitrage earnings (if there were any) on investment of the proceeds of certain borrowings, or a penalty in lieu of rebate, unless an exemption applies. The District would have to provide the factual information to determine whether there were any arbitrage earnings and whether it qualified for an exemption from rebate (or from a penalty in lieu of rebate).

8. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning of year net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions:

Governmental Activities:

Net position at June 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$	26,868,621
Adjustments: Eliminate net OPEB obligation reported per GASB No. 45 Record total OPEB liability per GASB No. 75	_	3,255,117 (5,147,213)
Net Position at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$_	24,976,525

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted /	Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Assessments from District Member Towns	\$35,479,695\$	35,479,695 \$	35,479,695 \$	
Local Sources:				
Interest income	16,000	16,000	8,213	(7,787)
Intergovernmental:				
Transportation	80,750	80,750	6,500	(74,250)
Special education	346,426	346,426	414,500	68,074
Adult education	9,434	9,434	9,744	310
Health services			3,534	3,534
Total intergovernmental	436,610	436,610	434,278	(2,332)
Charges for Services:				
Buildings/grounds rentals	48,500	48,500	38,830	(9,670)
Total charges for services	48,500	48,500	38,830	(9,670)
Other Revenue:				
Miscellaneous	272,300	272,300	268,868	(3,432)
Total revenues	36,253,105	36,253,105	36,229,884	(23,221)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfer in			150,000	150,000
Appropriation of fund balance	884,799	884,799		(884,799)
Total other financing sources	884,799	884,799	150,000	(734,799)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 37,137,904 \$	37,137,904	36,379,884 \$	(758,020)
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues		rs'		
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budg		. •	6,556,874	
Issuance of capital lease	, -		304,909	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Rep	orted on the Statement of	Revenues		
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Gov			43,241,667	

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Salaries:				
Certified personnel	\$ 16,497,378	\$ 16,497,378	\$ 16,161,378	\$ 336,000
Support personnel	4,805,769	4,805,769	4,667,451	138,318
Total salaries	21,303,147	21,303,147	20,828,829	474,318
Employee Benefits:				
Employee benefits	6,829,775	6,829,775	6,337,581	492,194
Purchased Services:				
Education	359,395	359,395	347,857	11,538
Conferences	58,825	58,825	51,987	6,838
Professional	234,610	234,610	207,174	27,436
Technical	265,600	265,600	263,132	2,468
Total purchased services	918,430	918,430	870,150	48,280
Property Services:				
Disposal services	25,000	25,000	23,561	1,439
Snow removal	50,000	50,000	67,156	(17,156)
Lawn service	115,000	115,000	109,802	5,198
Repairs and maintenance	215,304	215,304	233,789	(18,485)
Rentals and leases	613,976	613,976	586,546	27,430
Total property services	1,019,280	1,019,280	1,020,854	(1,574)
Operational Services:				
Pupil transportation	1,498,290	1,498,290	1,277,355	220,935
Field trips/athletics	223,250	223,250	211,588	11,662
Liability insurance	156,449	156,449	145,479	10,970
Dues and fees	54,688	54,688	53,735	953
Communication	84,789	84,789	75,829	8,960
Advertising	4,000	4,000	780	3,220
Printing	66,356	66,356	44,651	21,705
Tuition	1,278,007	1,278,007	1,195,603	82,404
Travel	33,215	33,215	15,488	17,727
Total operational services	3,399,044	3,399,044	3,020,508	378,536
Supplies:				
Supplies	650,831	650,831	573,663	77,168
Books/resource materials	174,331	174,331	170,711	3,620
Electricity	561,886	561,886	562,850	(964)
Bottled gas	5,000	5,000	3,243	1,757
Heating oil	202,268	202,268	172,802	29,466
Gasoline and oil vehicles	5,000	5,000	5,709	(709)
Total supplies	1,599,316	1,599,316	1,488,978	110,338
Capital Improvements/Equipment:				
Transfer to Capital Reserve Fund	164,500	164,500	164,500	-
Equipment	210,655	210,655	234,302	(23,647)
Total capital improvements/equipment	375,155	375,155	398,802	(23,647)

(Continued on next page)

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Debt Service:								
Principal	\$	1,441,055	\$	1,441,055	\$	1,441,055	\$	-
Interest		252,702		252,702		252,714		(12)
Total debt service	•	1,693,757		1,693,757	-	1,693,769		(12)
Total Expenditures	\$	37,137,904	\$	37,137,904		35,659,471	\$	1,478,433
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures.			ers'					
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgete						6,556,874		
Issuance of capital lease					-	304,759		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reporte					•			
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governr	nen	ital Funds - Ex	hibi	t IV	\$_	42,521,104	:	

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DISTRICT'S RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability:						
Service cost	\$	371,087	362,003	367,442 \$	351,588 \$	336,448
Interest		735,283	672,025	623,204	574,926	531,037
Differences between expected and actual experience		(604,656)		(104,288)		
Changes of assumptions		(92,315)		356,383		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(462,049)	(430,351)	(253,084)	(342,618)	(253,857)
Net change in total pension liability		(52,650)	603,677	989,657	583,896	613,628
Total pension liability - beginning	_	9,659,535	9,055,858	8,066,201	7,482,305	6,868,677
Total pension liability - ending	_	9,606,885	9,659,535	9,055,858	8,066,201	7,482,305
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	335,575 158,650 322,067 (462,049) (1,053) 353,190 8,161,833 8,515,023	326,520 160,535 605,295 (430,351) (18,299) 643,700 7,518,133 8,161,833	330,684 179,303 237,708 (253,084) (14,621) 479,990 7,038,143 7,518,133	322,555 165,524 167,531 (342,618) (4,902) 308,090 6,730,053 7,038,143	320,180 163,275 1,000,455 (253,857) (455) 1,229,598 5,500,455 6,730,053
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	1,091,862	1,497,702	1,537,725	1,028,058 \$	752,252
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.63%	84.50%	83.02%	87.25%	89.95%
Covered payroll	\$	3,148,293	3,359,920	3,215,234 \$	3,419,417 \$	3,272,169
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		34.68%	44.58%	47.83%	30.07%	22.99%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS DISTRICT'S RETIREMENT PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	-	2009	 2010	_	2011	 2012		2013	-	2014	_	2015	 2016	_	2017	_	2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	97,007 103,674	\$ 98,948 105,615	\$	258,312 258,312	\$ 263,788 263,788	\$	289,746 289,746	\$	320,180 320,180	\$_	322,555 322,555	\$ 330,684 330,684	\$_	326,520 326,520	\$_	335,575 335,575
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(6,667)	\$ (6,667)	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_		\$		\$_	-	\$ 	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>
Covered payroll	\$	2,542,758	\$ 2,747,081	\$	2,770,762	\$ 3,032,044	\$	3,188,263	\$	3,272,169	\$	3,419,417	\$ 3,215,234	\$	3,359,920	\$	3,148,293
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.08%	3.84%		9.32%	8.70%		9.09%		9.78%		9.43%	10.28%		9.72%		10.66%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: July 1, 2017
Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method Expected asset value plus 20% of the difference between the Expected Value and the Market Value.

Inflation2.6%Salary increases3.5%Investment rate of return7.0%

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS DISTRICT'S RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	3.93%	7.98%	3.28%	2.46%	18.32%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY **TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS***

	_	2018 2017		-	2016	2015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	_	51,386,371	_	54,213,015	-	41,754,112	38,593,309
Total	\$_	51,386,371	\$_	54,213,015	\$	41,754,112	38,593,309
District's covered payroll	\$	15,455,931	\$	15,756,461	\$	15,322,385 \$	15,189,280
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		55.93%		52.26%		59.50%	61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms

None

During 2016, rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality and assumed rates of salary increase were Changes of assumptions

adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as

part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for

the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Level percent of pay, closed Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 20.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of investment-related expense

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR*

	_	2018
Total OPEB liability:		
Service cost	\$	172,599
Interest		187,833
Changes of benefit terms		
Differences between expected and		
actual experience		15,766
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(196,608)
Benefit payments		(147,436)
Net change in total OPEB liability		32,154
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,147,213
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	5,179,367
Covered payroll	\$	21,299,064
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of		
covered payroll		24.32%

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR*

	-	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	-	13,226,256
Total	\$_	13,226,256
District's covered payroll	\$	15,455,931
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1.79%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms
Changes of assumptions

None

The discount rate was increased from 3.01% to 3.56% to reflect the change in the Municipal Rand Index Pate.

the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Changes were made to the assumed initial per capita health care costs, rates of health care inflation used to project the per capita costs, and the rates of Plan participation based upon recent experience and current expectations.

As a result of the experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015, the payroll growth rate assumption was decreased from 3.75% to 3.25% to reflect the decrease in the rate of inflation and the decrease in the rate of real wage increase. Last, the salary growth assumption, the payroll growth rate, the rates of withdrawal, the rates of retirement, the rates of mortality, and the rates of disability incidence were adjusted based upon the experience study's findings and their adoption by the Board.

Amortization method Level percent of payroll

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 4.25%, net of investment-related expense including price inflation

^{*}Note - This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be added as it becomes available.

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds				Capital Project Fund		Permanent Fund		
ASSETS	-	Middlesex Transition Academy	-	Special School Grants and Programs		Capital Reserve Fund	_	Haake Science and History	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	94,636	\$	65,145 17,524	\$	335,319	\$_	7,986	\$	495,100 7,986 17,524
Total Assets	\$	94,636	\$	82,669	\$_	335,319	\$_	7,986	\$	520,610
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued items Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	39,785 39,785	\$	20,724 61,945 82,669	\$	3,749	\$ - -	-	\$	64,258 61,945 126,203
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed Total fund balances	-	54,851 54,851	-	-	· -	331,570 331,570	-	7,986 7,986	<u> </u>	7,986 386,421 394,407
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	94,636	\$	82,669	\$_	335,319	\$_	7,986	\$	520,610

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	Special Revenue Funds Special Middlesex School Transition Grants and Academy Programs			. <u>-</u>	Capital Project Fund Capital Reserve Fund	Permanent Fund Haake Science and History	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-				-		<u> </u>	
Local sources Intergovernmental Charges for services Total revenues	\$	824,494 824,494	\$	435,919 435,919	\$	1,097	\$ (335) \$	762 435,919 824,494 1,261,175
Expenditures: Current: Salaries Employee benefits Purchased services Operational services Supplies Capital outlay Debt service Total expenditures	- -	453,741 106,364 128,257 128,351 8,672		435,919 435,919	. <u>-</u>	207,047 33,933 240,980		453,741 106,364 564,176 128,351 8,672 207,047 33,933 1,502,284
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(891)		-		(239,883)	(335)	(241,109)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	-	(150,000)			. <u>-</u>	164,500		164,500 (150,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(150,891)		-		(75,383)	(335)	(226,609)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	205,742			_	406,953	8,321	621,016
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	54,851	\$		\$	331,570	\$ 7,986 \$	394,407

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Student Activity Fund	-	Balance July 1, 2017	 Additions	<u>.</u>	Deductions	•	Balance June 30, 2018
Assets:							
Cash	\$	341,550	\$ 406,998	\$	427,304	\$	321,244
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	20,720	\$	\$	20,720	\$	-
Due to student groups	-	320,830	 406,998		406,584	. ,	321,244
Total liabilities	\$	341,550	\$ 406,998	\$	427,304	\$	321,244
Middlesex Consortium							
Assets:							
Cash	\$	99,154	\$ 25,679	\$	102,221	\$	22,612
Liabilities:							
Due to others	\$	99,154	\$ 25,679	\$	102,221	\$	22,612
Total All Funds							
Assets:							
Cash	\$	440,704	\$ 432,677	\$	529,525	\$	343,856
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	20,720	\$	\$	20,720	\$	-
Due to student groups and others	-	419,984	 432,677	•	508,805		343,856
Total liabilities	\$	440,704	\$ 432,677	\$	529,525	\$	343,856

REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13 SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION - THE DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2018

	То			
	Durham	-	Total	
Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) Property tax relief elderly	\$ 24,777,685	\$ 13,709,975	\$	38,487,660 -
Base	\$ 24,777,685	\$ 13,709,975	\$	38,487,660
Debt Limitation: Limit for School Building Purposes (4.5 times base)			\$	173,194,470
Indebtedness: Bonds outstanding			-	5,435,000
Net Indebtedness				5,435,000
Debt Limitation in Excess of Net Indebtedness			\$	167,759,470